MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

meals. I know this to be true, because

"Humph! Same old corned beef!"

"Potatoes, of course."

"Cabbage, my love."

ber that name. And what's this?"

Devoted to the Interests of the Democratic Party and the Collection of Local and General News.

EATON, OHIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1887.

WHOLE NUMBER 1042.

General News Summary. Interesting Home and Foreign News

Mrs. Whitney, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, has donated \$500 to the St. John's Episcopal Church Orphanage in commemo-ration of the baptism of her daughter Doro-thy at St. Johns's Church recently. The value of cotton exported from the United States during March aggregated \$23,392,078, against \$15,888,790 in March, 1886. Exports of mineral oils less month

1886. Exports of mineral cils last month aggregated \$3,584,942, against \$3,824,394 dur-ing the same period in 1886. B. E. Calhoun, son of Rear Admiral Cal-

un, son of Rear Admiral Cal-B. E. Calhoun, son of Rear Admirat Cal-houn, U. S. N., was married on his death-bed a few days ago to Eleanor M. Semmes, daughter of a retired merchant of Washing-ton City. Mr. Calhoun died a few hours

The gross postal receipts at thirty of the larger post-offices in the country for the first three months of the present year were \$4,746,046, an increase of \$281,481, over the corresponding period of last year.

Secretary Whitney has awarded to the Bethlehem Iron Works Company, of Pennsylvania, the corrected for family larger than the corrected for family larger.

1,400 tons of steel gun forgings and 4,500 tons of steel armour pistes at a total cost of 34,512,398. Its bid, although not the lowest for the gun steel, was the lowest in the aggregate for the two contracts.

The Treasury Department has refused to accept trade dollars in payment of dues. Although these coins are temporarily received in exchange for standard dollars, the Department says they are deprived by law of any legal tender quality.

William Henneck, a drummer for a Baltimore tin plate firm, had himself arrested at Washington on the 15th for violating the law imposing a city license tax on commer-

law imposing a city license tax on commer cial agents. He will make a test case of it

The charter election held at Albany, N. Y., a few days ago, resulted in a Demo-Y., a low days ago, resulted in a Demo-cratic victory. The ticket for Supervisors was elected by average majorities of 1,480. The entire election board of the Eighth precinct, Second district, Jersey City, N. J., was arrested on the 12th for tampering with the ballot-box. The board consists of Patrick Golden, judge; Patrick McGinnis and Owen McCabe, inspectors, and C. T. Dolan, clerk. The prisoners were arraigned. Dolan, clerk. The prisoners were arraigned, waived examination, and held in \$1,200 bail, each to appear before the grand jury.

The custom house authorities at New York are making a desperate effort to break up the extensive business done in smuggled cigars on the steamers running to Cubs and West Indian ports. A heavy seizure of cigars was made on the 12th on board in-

The west-bound limited express on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad Fittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad struck a shifting engine near the outer depot in Allegheny City, Pa., on the 12th. Both engines were badly damaged and En-gineer George Blood and Fireman Sweeney, of the limited, were severely but not fatally

Benjamin F. Glidden, David T. McNamara and T. F. Mulcahy, members of Typographical Union No. 47, of New Haven, Conn., convicted for boycotting the Journal and Courier newspaper of that city, were sentenced on the 12th to pay a fine of \$50 and coate each, making a total of \$403. The ne was promptly paid. Lieutenant C. V. Morris, a retired officer

fileulenant C. V. Morris, a reured omcer of the United States Navy, and a grandson of Robert Morris, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, died on the 12th at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., aged

eighty-five years.

The demand of the laborers at the rolling Company for a ten per cent. advance in wages being refused, the men struck on the 19th. The mill has shut down indefinitely

sociation held a meeting in Pittsburgh on the 12th to interchange views upon the busi-ness in the different wheel manufactories. Neither price lists nor the wage question were considered. Trade was reported good. An aged Irishman named "Blind Tom," who lost his sight while in the army,

dropped dead in a saloon in New York on the 13th on receiving notice from Washing-ton that he was entitled to \$6,000 arrears of pension and hereafter would receive seven-

An indignation meeting of about 500 Russian Jews was held in New York on the 13th to protest against the ratification of the Russian-American extradition treaty. The Pheips Induction Telegraph and Railway Telegraph and Telephone Company have amalgamated under the title of the Consolidated Railway Telegraph Company, with a capital stock of \$2,500,000 in shares of \$100 each.

The Pennsylvania Senate on the 18th passed by a vote of 37 to 16 a joint resolution proposing a Woman's Suffrage Constitutional Amendment.

The ferry boat Atlanta, while tied to her fire and was burned to the water's edge.
Loss, \$35,000. Bhe belonged to the Camden & Atlantic Railroad Company.

George Grace, superintendent of the Western Union offices along the New Jersey Central railroad, died at Easton, Pa., on the 13th. Mr. Grace arranged the system of news-gathering by telegraph operators, which led to the formation of the American Press Association.

Five cattle infected with pleuro pneumonia on the farm of John Fryc, in Manor

township, Lancaster, Pa., were ordered killed on the 13th by Secretary Edge, of the Pennsylvania State Board of Agriculture. The steamship Candernagor, which arrived at New York on the 13th from Paler mo, Genoa and Marseilles, with 1,235 steer-age passengers, has been-detained at quar-antine on account of an epidemic of small-pox on board. All communication with the

Owen, aged seventeen, were struck and instantly killed by an Erie train on the 14th,

R. B. Lobdell, who kept a general store and private banking house at West Salem, N. Y., made an assignment on the 13th. His failure is said to have been caused by over-confidence in a clerk named Miner, who has

absence of the parents, Raymond Shay, aged five years, lighted a stick at the stoye and set fire to the clothing of his brother Ernst, aged two years. Before assistance could be rendered Ernst was burned to death. Water Register Michael H. Murphy, of

were completely destroyed by fire on the 15th, entailing a loss of \$200,000. Eight hundred operatives are thrown out of emto war papers and Southern character sketches, has been purchased by the Century

the 15th destroyed the mill of Collier & large corn barns and valuable machiner

Loss, \$35,000; insurance small.

The business failures occurring throughthe country during the seven days 146 and for Canada 29, or a total of 175, as compared with a total of 223 the previous week and 182 the corresponding week of

WEST AND SOUTH.

went off on the night of the lith, leaving five children, the oldest eleven years of age, locked up in the house. While he was absent the house caught fire and the children were all burned to death.

An armed mob of twenty-five men stormed the jail at Ripley, Miss., on the 12th and shot to death, while in his cell, Bud Willshot to death, while in his cell, Bud Will-iamson, charged with the killing of John Collins at New Albany about a year ago. The Denver & Rio Grande railroad, in retaliation for the boycott put on its busi-ness by the Eastern lines, has instructed its agents to send all business for Eastern points over the Grand Trunk road east of

living near Coldwater, Mercer County, O., became involved in a quarrel with his wife on the 12th and struck her on the head with a hammer, killing her almost instantly. He then went to the barn and hanged himself.

home in Nashville on the 12th.

Rains in Texas, Colorado, New Mexico and other Southwestern States have put an end to the long continued drouth and the expenses of the Grand Army of the Re-public encampment which meets there Sep-

The city jail at Missoula, M. T., was fired from the inside on the 13th and a man named Frank Chambers, confined for vagrancy, was burned to death.

A collision between a freight and contractions of the contraction of the

struction train on the Cincinnati & Musk-ingum Valley railroad, near Lancaster, O., on the 13th demolished both engines, and fatally injured William Bartels and Eph and Alfred Conrad. Three others were

everely hurt. At Napa, Cal., on the 18th Elijah Walters and T. Wagner engaged in a bare knuckle fight. In the first round Walters was struck on the head and fell unconscious. He re-mained so until the next morning, when he East Saginaw (Mich.) salt manufacturers

claim the new tariffs established by the Inter-State Commerce law will shut them out of Chicago and western markets.

A vigilance committee from Brown A vigitance committee from Brown County, Neb., overhauled two young horse thieves named Joseph Arnold and James Bohan, near Sargent, that State, on the 13th. Arnold was shot and killed and Bohan was

The little village of Farnham, Va., con-taining a population of about 300, was nearly destroyed by fire on the 12th. Among other buildings burned was the old Protestant al church, built in Colonial days nd one of the oldest houses of worship in

The jury in the case of John B. Mannix, a disagreement on the 13th and were dis-charged. He was charged with embezzling \$1,000,000 from the estate. There are three more similar indictments against him and it is said his total shortage was \$300,000.

In the Michigan House of Representatives on the 18th the bill granting to women the sight to work at municipal elections was designed. right to vote at municipal ele feated by a vote of 50 to 38.

The property of the Newaygo, Mich., Mar. ufacturing Company was seized on the 14th by a Deputy United States Marshal under

party on board, ran aground in a fog five miles above New Orleans on the 14th, and turned over on her side. There were ten

ladies on board, all of whom were saved except one—Miss Barton, of Agiers, aged sixteen—who was drowned.

On the 14th, while George Werner, teacher in the village school of Williamsburg, Wis., was punishing a refractory pupil named Henry Seugbusch by applying a ruler sharp-ly to his wrists, the latter fell back dead. The teacher fied and has not been seen

The business portion of the village o Trempelau, Wis., was burned on the 14th, causing a loss variously estimated at from While being exercised on the race track

at Louisville on the 14th, "Asfaltus," one of the candidates for the Kentucky derby, ran into the fence, throwing his jockey,

A fire at Onancock, Va., on the the 13th destroyed most of the business portion of the town. Twenty-three houses, including the Grand Central hotel, post-office and a number of business hous Loss \$50,000; insurance \$20,000.

Late reports received by the Ohio State
Board of Agriculture give a discouraging

outlook as to the wheat crop in Ohio, except in the northern part of the State, where it has been protected by the snow.

The continued drought is damaging to growing wheat, and unless rain comes soon the crop will be far below the average.

requiring non-resident aliens holding land in the State to dispose of the same within three years after they shall have acquired title to the same, and providing that such land shall eschew to the State in case of

failure to do so, was passed.

A construction train on the Ohio River railroad jumped the track near Parkersand wounding eight or ten others. The killed were John Holden, brakeman, Joseph Reese and Washington Mercer, laborers.

A rock slide occurred in the deep cut or a few days ago. Particulars are meager but it is known that eight or ten men wer killed and several badly injured, including Mr. Bernard.

John Christian, a brother of Jame

Tex.. a few days ago, organized a posse of twelve men to hunt down the murderers and ran upon them the night of the 14th As they would not surrender the posse opened fire, killing Alex. Duzen and Steve Russell, the murderers of Christian and

arrested a few weeks ago on the charge of having poisoned his wife to secure insur-ance amounting to \$10,000, died in jail on

John Thomas, a negro, was on trial on the John Thomas, a negro, was on trial on the
14th at Union City, Tenn., for committing a
brutal assault on the person of Berth.
Turner, a young white girl, when a mot
suddenly overpowered the officers, seized
the prisoner and hung him to a beam in the court room. Not more than two or three in operation.
minutes were consumed in the act. The JIM BATES. body was allowed to hang one hour and was then cut down.

The funeral of Bishop Lee took place at

Wilmington, Del., on the 15th and was very largely attended. Nine bishops and nearly one hundred ciergymen parts ipated in the obsequies. The remains were interred in the old Swedes' churchyard.

Carl Schoene, one of the oldest German comedians in the United States, died at Evansville, Ind., on the 15th. He retired about to expire. from the stage in 1860.

Collins Brown, of Fitchville, Huron

escaped on the 14th by sawing a bar off in the corridor, going through the plank floor and outside of the stone foundation.

The New Albany (Ind.) closed pouch, which left the Louisville post-office on the 14th, was robbed at the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis depot. The pouch was found upon the platform open and rifled of its contents. The extent of the loss is not

ta, was swept by fire on the 14th. More than twenty business houses and several dwellings were consumed. The loss is estimated at from \$40,000 to \$75,000, with light

Insurance.

The twenty-second anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln was commemorated in the Illinois Hall of Representatives on the 15th. The exercises continued over two hours and were largely attended. Addresses were delivered by Bishop Seymour, of the Springfield diocese and Hon. W. H. Cullom, member of the House of Representatives.

bill absolutely prohibiting the manufacture and sale of all kinds of imitation and adulterated butter.
The official canvass of the vote of Goebic

gation has failed to sustain the alleged charges of fraud in that county. charges of fraud in that county.

A military court of inquiry has been called at Fort Robinson, Neb., to investigate the case of Major Bash, paymaster of the United States army, who was recently robbed of \$7,500 by highwaymen in Wyoming. The question will then be settled whether Major Bash was criminally negli-

The Robbins natural gas well near Lima glycerine on the 15th with wonderful results. The previous flow from the well was 4,000,000 cubic feet daily, and the shot increased it to 10,000,000 cubic feet daily.

L. J. Labour, police judge of Des Moines, Ia., has fied to Canada to escape from the consequences of a misappropriation of a large amount of money collected during the three years of his services as judge. His

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. Late advices from the Dutch East Indies say that the Dutch had an encounter with natives in Acheen on the 4th inst., and that the Achinees fled after a sharp engage-ment, leaving thirty-three dead. The Dutch loss was three killed and twenty-six

The Chinese government has decided to make Shanghai the chief military depot of the Empire, and an immense arsenal and other ordnance buildings will shortly be constructed there.

from Baltimore, was abandoned at sea on the 22d ult. All on board were rescued by passing vessels.

Official returns just published show that the number of agrarian crimes committed n Ireland in 1884, were 762, in 1885, 944, and

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the Russian government is contemplating immediate issuance of a new loan to the amount of 100,000,000 roubles.

passengers on board, went ashore on the ocks at Dieppe, France, during a fog on the 13th, and twenty persons were drowned.

of Indian affairs say that no information has been received by them tending to con-firm the rumors of Indian troubles along the Northwest frontier. Archbishop Croke, of Cashel, and all the priests in his diocese have signed a memorial protesting against coercion. The memorial declares that the promulgation of the coercion laws now before Parliament, will lead to commission of

will lead to commission of greater crimes than have yet been perpetrated. The Dominion Parliament opened on the 14th with the usual ceremonies. In his address the Governor General says that "negotriations are in progress between her Majes-ty's Government and the United States rela-tive to the fisheries questions, which it is be-lieved will result in an arrangement honor-able and satisfactory to both nations."

MacLellan & Co., bankers, of St. Johns, N. B., assigned on the 14th with liabilities of nearly \$500,000. The senior partner was president of the Maritime Bank, and it was the suspension of this bank that caused the failure. Many of the depositors were wideweard embers. widows and orphans.

The miners of Northumberland County,

England, have decided by a vote of 4,100 to 3,000 to continue on strike. LATER NEWS

MARY GALLAGHER, in a Louisville (Ky.) station-house for drunkenness, hanged herself with a rope made from her apron-F. M. FONDA, of the Georgia Central railroad, was accidentally shot and killed by J. J. Abrahams, a prominent lawyer of

THE gas well at Kokomo, Ind., after be ng "shot" with nitro-glycerine, developed a flow equal to the great Karg well near Findlay.

WILMINGTON (O.) council passed a prohibition ordinance. Several of the Pan-handle train-robbers

THE Nickel-plate road will be public auction in Cleveland, May 19.
ALEXANDER R. LAWTON, of Georgia, has been appointed Minister to Austria.

The cause of Chief Justice Cartter's death was cancer of the stomach.

PAT MALONEY was burned to death in his boarding-house at Memphis, Tenn. THE business portion of North Middletown, Ky., was destroyed by fire. Loss

Abbie Edwards, aged seventeen, fatally stabbed Lena Fry, about the same age, at The teeth and decayed bones of a masto ion were exhumed on a farm two miles

THE Cincinnati Southern railway bridge across Dry Branch, near Somerset, Ky. was burned by an incendiary.

Five persons were instantly killed and a number seriously hurt by the bursting of JOHN CARR, while under the influence of liquor, jumped from a third-story window of his residence, in Cincinnati, and was

THE upper pit of the Davidson Coke Works, at Connellsville, Pa., caught fire Saturday, and three miners, whose escape was cut off by the flames, are supposed to baye perished.
The "blue laws" were enforced in Wash-

ington Sunday, the 17th. All stores and saloons were closed, and there were no newsboys nor hacks on the streets. An ncient ordinance had been dug up and put JIM BATES, a notorious desperado and

escaped convict, was shot and kill-ed by officers in the mountains near Chat-THE carpenters' strike in Chicago is off. nd the men are returning to work at THE Louisiana Lottery people are trying to get a thirty years' monopoly in Halifax,

Company, of Fitchville, Huron troit, charged with attempting to procure issued from that house.

County, O., whose one hundredth birthday the murder of one Charles Davis, for a was celebrated August 10, 1385, died on the \$2,000 life insurance.

A BREAKING BOOM. The Candidacy of the Ohio Senator Al-ready Imperiled by Quarreling Repub-

We have noticed from time to time he progress of the Sherman boom which was so auspiciously launched at the Delmonico dinner of the Republican Club a few months ago. We then pointed out some of the unmistakable igns going to show that there was a disposition among the party leaders, hitherto friends of Mr. Blaine, to drop him and take up the banner of the Ohio Senator. Not the least of these ndications was the very full report of the speeches given in the columns of the Tribune, where nothing was suppressed, not even the slighting allu-sions of General Hawley to Mr. Blaine, who was spoken of as the "one man' who had caused the division of the Republican party, and the consequent election of Mr. Cleveland. We should not be surprised if the Tribune were the open advocate of Mr. Sherman before the end of the present year. The Delmonico dinner, it will be remembered, made so bad an impression or Judge West, the blind leader of the blind, that he wrote a letter in great haste and heat to counteract its effects. and to uphold the Blaine interest in

the State of Ohio.

Business is accumulating for the Boston Journal, which has declared its purpose to read out of the Republican arty every man "who can not subcribe to the sentiments" of Senator Sherman's speech at Nashville. Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, has a great army of sympathizers with his declaration that the Sherman policy of 'aiding the States in the education of illiterate children by liberal appropriations of public money" is "mos dangerous to the Republican experiment as our fathers understood it.' The St. Paul Proneer Press characterized the scheme which Senator Sherman favors of as a "bill for pauperizing the public schools of the United States," and "a gigantic bit of public plunder," "the worst effect of which would be to render unnecessary that healthful activity in the several States, in providing for the maintenance of ommon schools, which has been the vital element in all our educational progress." At this rate, instead of the Boston Journal reading out of the Re-publican party every body who will not accept the educational subsidy scheme, Senator Hawley and the people for whom he speaks in the East, and the St. Paul Pioneer Press and the people for whom it speaks in the West, will soon be disfellowshipping the Journal for indorsing schemes of "pub-

petuity of the republic .- N. Y. Post. Way of Accounting for It: The Republicans Admit That Blaine is Their Strength, and Yet Fear the Democratic

lic plunder" which threaten the per-

On all sides it is admitted that to re nominate Blaine would be party suicide. Why? Surely the Maine statesman is the embodiment of trueblue Republicanism; more magnetic than any other man in the party: towering head and shoulders, intelectually, above all other aspirants, is the most popular and eager candidate of them all, and yet, in one voice, and with one accord, his party is in favor of relegating him to the rear of the procession, behind the Shermans and he Windoms, the Culloms and the Alisons. It must be galling to Blaine.

There must be some reason for this dire Republican party distress. It was not so four years ago, nor three years ago. At that time the woods were full of men who could lead the party to victory, but none more gallantly and gloriously than Blaine. It is not so now; the supply is not equal to the de-mand, in fact the supply appears to be completely exhausted, and the party appears to be completely exhausted over its search for a candidate. Surey, Blaine has done nothing since 1884. either in a political or public way, that would have a tendency to make him unpopular with the people or his party. On the contrary, he has been very circumspect, and in no manner or way has he intruded his peculiar views upon his party associates or attempted to reward friends or punish enemies. Ostensibly he has stood aloof from the field of politics, posing as a states man, and he ought to have benefited by the retirement. We think he has. But what of his party, how has that

It can not be claimed with any degree of consistency that Blaineism, or Republicanism has made any strides toward winning back the confidence and the votes of the people. On the contrary Blaine Republicanism has been a gradual loser in politics since the first session of Congress under Cleveland's Administration, and the Democratic party has gained what its adversary has lost. The loss and the gain accounts for Republican nervousness and Democratic composure.--Des Moines Leader.

WHAT BLAINE THINKS.

the Great Work Accomplished by the Founder of the Democracy in the Le iana Purchase Then and Now. In his graceful speech before the

Merchants' Exchange, of St. Louis, James G. Blaine went so far as to de-clare that, next to Washington, Thomas Jefferson should stand highest in the estimation of American citizens. "The watchful care, the great nerve and courage, the statesmanlike grasp of Thomas Jefferson, standing between he policy of France and the aggressive energy of Great Britain, plucked the whole territory of Louisiana from the ambition of both and made it an American State, and that vast domain for which Jefferson gave \$15,000,000 is low represented in seven great and prosperous States and three Territories, which, in the course of time, will add onquering power was able to hold." when Mr. Blaine was not considering

ion of the founder of the Democratic party. During political excitements it is the practice of the gentleman from Maine and his associates to present the propositions which they have to ad vance in some such style as this: Twen-Mr. Bowser says so. I think it nothty-five years ago the Republicans were right and the Democrats were wrong. to his dinner and begins: Therefore the man who fails now to support the men who chance to call hemselves Republicans must be wrong. If there is any thing reasonable in this this morning."
"Oh, it is! I didn't know but it was osition with how much greater force, secording to Mr. Blaine's own showing, may the Democrats assert that in you call these things?' the beginning of the century their party was right and its opponents wrong, and that, as a consequence, every body that has opposed since must have been wrong.

The advantages derived by the

Louisiana purchase are widely recognized now, and have been for years. but at the time that it was made Mr. Jefferson and his party were attacked by their adversaries with the utmost violence, and besides other things were called lick-spittles for the French, cat'spaws for the red revolutionists and asociates of infidels and murderers. Probably no important move on the part of an American Administration was more viciously attacked than the Louisiana purchase, but the wise man who engineered that transaction and the party which supported him in it foresaw the benefit to be derived from it, and persisted in their policy in spite of obloquy and misrepresentation.— Chicago Herald.

A TRUE STALWART.

Correspondent Tells About the "Threat ened Physical Decay" of the President-The Zoor Man's Champion. Do not waste any time in worrying about our Democratic President. He is all right, physically, mentally and politically, and he means reform. I have had the pleasure of a good hour's talk with him. First, as to Mr. Cleveland's physical condition. So many stories have been circulated over the country about an alarming increase in weight that I supposed from the amount of smoke that there must be some fire somewhere. I have seen Mr. Cleveland on very many occasions, but I never saw him look so well as he did yesterday. He has lost rather than

gained in flesh "You are well. Mr. President?" "Perfectly," he answered. "I neve vorked harder or felt better in my

"But some of the Republican paper are very solicitous about your health? suggested, "and are giving the people the impression that a second term would find you too enfeebled for the great responsibilities of your office." There was a merry twinkle in his

as he replied: "We'l, I'm not to be killed off by any 'offensive partisan-ship' of that kind. As for a second term"—and here he grew very serious -"that is all in the air, and I have nothing to do with it. My time is taken up fully with my present duties, and I propose to do my work in such way that my successor, whoever h may be, will have nothing to undo. It will be the business of the party name their best man; that is, the man who can best carry out Democratic principles and policies, and the man who can best protect and defend the

rights of the people."
I said to the President: "Mr. Cleveland, there seems to be a good deal of interest in this land question just

very properly, I think. It is one of the live questions of the day, and certainly one of the most important."

"The railroad corporations appear t be somewhat greedy." I suggested. "Well," he said "a railroad corpora tion should have its legal rights-no more, no less. But the people should have their rights, also. When a real settler-I don't mean a mere land speculator, but a farmer who builds his little house and sets about the improvemant of the acres on which he has settled-when such a man has legally taken possession of his 160 acres, he ought to feel that the Government is behind him. He has a right to feel that way, and, so far as this Anminishman is allowed to hen-huzzy about tration is concerned, it is clearly the the kitchen! I'll leave in the mornfriend of the people. While as a mat- ing!" ter of course the Administration will protect the lawful rights of a corporation as well as those of the people, still I think it should be specially jealous of the rights of the farmers and the working classes. I will go even further than that and say that if by any construction of the law a seeming injustice is done to the humblest farmer in the farthest corner of the land, then the law ought to be changed at once. I am of the people. I believe in the people, and I stand by them and with them first, last and all the time."-N. Y. Herald.

He Goes Too Far.

Senator Edmunds goes quite beyond his prerogative when he assumes to speak for the Republicans who voted for Mr. Cleveland in 1884 and says that "as between two evils" they would vote for him again. They would vote for him again, certainly, as against Mr. Blaine or any other unworthy Republican, but not at all in the spirit of men making a choice of evils. Mr. Edmunds should remember that while it is understood that he quite agreed with the Mugwumps in their estimate of the Republican candidate in 1884, his failure to exercise the right of private judgment at the polls deprives him of the privilege of becoming the spokesman of those men of equal honesty and greater courage who voted for Mr. Cleveland .- N. Y. Times.

-It was high time for Mr. Blain to make a trip out West if he hopes to save any remains of the Blaine boon We have already quoted the declarafour or five States, possibly, to the tion of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat American Union. Never was a con- that the Republican party "certainly nest so great, so extensive, acquired can not" carry the election of 1888 if peaceful methods. Never was so it renominates the candidate of 1884, great a conquest made by war that a and the earnest protests against that folly of such other good Republican This utterance was made at a time papers as the Milwaukee Sentinel in Wiscousin, the Burlington Hawkeys political questions, and it may be set and the Council Bluffs Nonpareil down as representing his candid opin. lows. -N. Y. Fost.

ROUGHING IT OUT WEST. ory of a Faithful Wife Who Tries All husbands find fault with their

ing strange when Mr. Bowser sits down pondent thus continues his story: "To the reader who has been accutomed to dwelling in populous sections, no adequate idea of the utter loneliness "Yes, my dear; it's the same corned beef you erdered as you went down of a residence in the Far West can be formed. The disconsolate wife, unable to obtain assistance in her hour of need. some I ordered a year ago! What do

"Potatoes, eh? I'll try and rememdeath, 'that you will not see me buried "Oh! I didn't know but it was woodfor at least four days after I have pulp, my love! Was this bread made breathed my last;' to which request the poor woman tearfully assented. All "Certainly. It is only two days "Humph! Buying some poor coffe looks as if it was dipped out of a mud-

yourself only night before last. He growls and eats, and eats and growls, and I've got used to it. It is only now and then that he proceeds to violence. The other day he expressed his fondness for pumpkin pie, and I We had one brought on at supper, and as soon as Mr. Bowser saw it he sternly

"What do you call that performance there? When was it born, and where is it going to?"

"Mr. Bowser, you said you wanted ome pumpkin pie."
"Yes." "Well, here it is, and as good a one as you ever ate; I made it myself, after mother's favorite recipe." "Mrs. Bowser, do you call that a

"Then I want to be branded a fool! What do you take me for, any way? Don't you suppose I was eating pumpkin pies before you were born?

"Why isn't it a pumpkin pie?" "Why isn't a boot-leg a boot? Where your other crust?" "But pumpkin pies never have any

apper crust. Don't they? Mrs. Bowser, you can deceive the cook, for she is a confiding foreigner, and vou can stuff most any yarn down our poor little baby, but don't try to bamboozle me. It won't work. I'm glad for your sake that my mo'her isn't here to laugh at you." In two days I had a letter from his mother, affirming that there was no her late home, being given had pur-

Mr. Bowser do but loudly exclaim: "Bosh! You old women have forgot ten half you knew! You are thinking about pudding and milk, you are. Of course there is no upper crust to pudding and milk, and I never said there

He cost me a good girl last week by one of his whims. I happened to wonder aloud during the evening if she had put her bread to rise, when he promptly nouired: "Mrs. Bowser, do you know why

"Because of the yeast." "But why does the yeast expand the "Because it does." "Exactly. You also live because you

oread rises?"

rance of natural philosophy. I'll see if the girl knows any better He went out and inquired:

"Jane, have you put the bread to

"Yes, sir." "Do you expect it to rise?" "Of course."
"Why don't you expect it to fall?" "Are you running this kitchen?" she harply demanded.

"Virtually, yes. My object is to see how well you are posted on natural philosophy. Why does the Lread rise nstead of fall?" "Because it's a fool, and I'm an-

And leave she did, and all the consolation I got from Mr. Bowser as he

came up to dinner was: "It's a good thing she left. She might have mixed something together which would have caused our deaths. Come, now, hurry up the dinner!" Mr. Bowser has improved some in the direction of taking care of the baby. I can now leave them together as long as fifteen minutes without fear that one will kill the other by trying some experiment. They had alone about seven minutes the other day while I was up-stairs, and when I came down Mr. Bowser seemed quite

"I've suspected it all along!" "What? "That our child is somewhat of nonstrosity! Look at that!" And he pointed to the soft spot of the child's head where a throb could be

agitated and whispered to me:

detected. "Every child has the same." I re plied in a reassuring voice.
"Oh! they have, eh! What infant's asylum have you been matron of? Perhaps I married the mother instead of the daughter! I tell you that's a freak of nature, that is, and I shan't be sur prised to come home any day and find horn beginning to sprout!"-Detroit Free Press.

Two passengers on the train became nvolved in a very heated controversy which finally waxed so hot that one o them called the other a ligr. "What's that, a liar?" and he was o

"Yes, a liar," was the emphatic re ponse, "or my name ain't John Smith f Smithville. "What the hardware merchant?" "The same."

his feet.

"Mr. Smith, I'm delighted to know ou. I represent Messrs Sharpedge & Co., of New York, and can show you a line of samples that will make your hair curl."—N. F. Sun.

After telling of a young couple brought up to luxury who thought they would rough-it on the plains, a corre-18.000.

the bedside of the dying man, who appeared to entertain a peculiar dread of being buried alive. 'Promise me,' he said to his wife some hours before his

through the day and during the earlier portion of the night the woman sat alone with her dead, while without, and as though already scenting their prey, a pack of hungry coyotes circled about the isolated abode, ever and anon giving vent to their peculiar and blood-curdling cries. At nine o'clock a small party of miners, including our guides, Wood and Armstrong, called on the way to Chevenne.

"The sad story was soon told and early on the following morning one of the party was sent to Horse Creek for the purpose of obtaining the material for a coffin. During all this time the widow sat by the bedside of her dead husband, at times scrutinizing the features of the latter and momentar ly starting up as if she fancied she detected signs of returning animation. Kit Armstrong, from whom I received whatever information is here afforded concerning this sad episode, together with his companion, Wood, remained during the four days following the death of the man as described. On the last night of their vigil the woman, worn out from constant watching, consented to take some rest while toward morning both of the watchers also fell

than £50,000—the income of the one hundred is £2,220,000. In 1800 the "It is not known at what hour the supposed corpse became again animated with life, but it was found upon inves-tigation that the body had at some time during the night partially turned in the coffin in which it had been placed, although the features still bore the same placid expression they had worn the day previous. The discovery of this dreadful circumstance proved too much for the afflicted wife, who entirely lost her reason and who thenceforth roamed about in the vicinity of upper crust to a pumpkin pie, and I brought my own mother over in the flesh as a further witness, but what did

ARTIFICIAL SOCIETY.

A Crowd of Egotistical Men and Wo A correspondent who has been of serving society in Washington, sets it down as "a very conglomerate affair, with none of the heart of hospitality in it." The people being literally "here to-day and gone to-morrow," go through the hollow forms of calls and receptions with little more than a profession of kindliness, as a matter of business. You will, for instance, be invited to call upon some person on her reception day. She stands in a line with those who receive with her, some do, and that's all you know about it! of them stupidly self-conscious, or im-You ought to be ashamed of your igno-pudently indifferent. You say "good-

morning" at coming and going, al-though it is well along toward evening. Some of the ladies have no waists-worth mentioning-to their dresses, and no tact whatever in their manner. You are invited to take chocolate, which you do as solemnly as if it were hem--Upright simplicity is the deepest lock tea. You sigh for some brightspirited man or woman with whom to exchange an idea, but you sigh in vain. You see bare necks suggestive of pneumonia, gorgeous dresses, gigantic false teeth and smiles equally artificial.

There is the slightest perceptible jolt in the social wheels when a man or woman of high position dies, but the jar is hardly discernible, and the car of uggernaut moves on. People at the oottom of the social ladder are straining and agonizing to get to the top. Those at the top are often eying each other with envy and suspicion. The press has held up to ridicule and well deserved contempt the impudent and ill-mannered people who attended the Chinese ball, uninvited, and who disgraced themselves and their country as much by going as they did by their raid upon the dining-room. You have seen mimals feed out of a trough? Wellbut no matter. Who were these people? They are persons who aspire to be reckoned of the "upper crust" in

America. - Youth's Companion.

Pretty Expensive Wind. "They say that light and air are free don't they?" said a Chicago book pub-

"Yes. That is a long established principle," replied the gentleman addressed. "Well, it ain't so." "Not so?" "No, sir. Here I hire three agents

on salary." "Yes. "Well, that makes about three thou sand dollars a year that I pay for wind, which is technically described as air in motion. Don't you supposed I could go into court and compel these men to work for nothing?"-Merchant Traveler.

-Negroes in Lincoln County, Ga. who have bought goods and mortgaged crops to pay for them have got so far behind that they are said to have organized to resist the officials charged with collecting the debts. Of course they will get worsted in this, but, says the Manufacturers' Gazette, the lesson will be worth all its cost if it teaches these lately enfranchised citizens that no worse slavery ever existed in this country than that of debt.

-Ouc-fourth of the milk-dealers in Boston, the local inspector of milk asseris, are dishonest.

The Gaton Democrat,

SPACE. | 1 W. | 2 W. | 1 m. | Sm. | Sm. | Sm. | 1800.

-Female students in colleges in the United States are said to

Young Men's Christian Associat Jersey City.

-Six towns in a single (Windham)

county of Vermont have elected won as superintendents of schools. —The average salary of the \$1,000 teachers of the State last year was \$701 in cities and \$261 in towns - Cincin

this version averages nearly one thousand copies per day.—N. Y. Wilness. -The New York (Episcopal) Gener al Theological Seminary has received from Mr. George A. Jarvis, of Brook-lyn, \$40,000 to be used in the erection of a new building for dormitories fellows' room. - United Presbyterian.

—Twenty-eight young women were recently graduated from the Bellevue Hospital Training School for nurses in New York. This brings the total number of graduates up to 272. The insti-

—At the beginning of the year 1886 there were 2,972 ordained foreign missionaries in the world; 732 lay missionaries; 3,068 ordained native preachers; 23,642 unordained native help and 802,028 native Christians. year's income of missionary societies was \$10,371,702.—Brooklyn Eagle. -In the sustentation fund of the

Presbyterian Church of England there was a deficiency in the year just closed of just sixty dollars, and the demand on the fund decreased \$5,000. It secures for each pastor in the church a stipend of at least \$1,000, and is adnirably managed.—Educational Work. -The seven Protestant missionary ocieties of England in 1800 have become more than one hundred in 1887. The total income of the seven was less

converts numbered about fifty thousand; now they are nearly three million.—Golden Rule. -A new feature of the Boston cooking school this year is a school lunchroom, opened at the request of the mothers. At little round tables boys are served with substantial soup (the thin soups being considered not desirable), with cocoa and chocolate, rolls, sandwiches, gingerbread and plain cakes.—National View.

-A sermon both short and good is sermon has an apology for its length in its goodness. But a long, poor ser-mon admits of no apology, and the at-tempt to make one makes it both longer and poorer. Therefore proceed to business without apology.—Christian Advocate.

—The brethren of the Boston Theological School have formed a kind of city missionary band, somewhat after the order of the Salvation Army. They have chosen the north end of the city for their special field, holding meetings on Wednesday evenings in the chapel of the North End Mission. They march around the vicinity with cornet and vocal music to gather in their audience.

WIT AND WISDOM. -Genius without ambition is as use less as a cannon ball without powder. -The honest man has nothing to fear from an honest jury.-N. O. Picayune -Grand temples are built of small stones, and great lives are made up of

wisdom, and perverse craft the merest shallowness.—Barrow. -That which is striking and beautiful is not always good, but that which is good is always beautiful. -What is that which lives in the

winter, dies in the summer, and grows with its roots upward? An icicle. -The infant King of Spain is able to walk Spanish now with the assistance of the Minister of the Nursery .- N. Y. -A merchant who advertised for "a

man to take charge of the glove depart-

ment," received a call from a profes sor of boxing .- Texas Siftings. -From all stations of life, among all classes of patience, overwork or worry sult of shattered brains and wrecked constitutions. - Exchange.

-All politeness is owing to liberty.

We polish one another, and rub off our corners and rough sides by a sort of amical collision. To restrain this is inthe "society" in the "court circle" of evitable to bring a rust upon men's understanding.—Shaflesbury.
—"Ah, John! got back so soon? Didn't expect to see you for a week at least. Supposed you'd put up with your aunt." "I should have done so.

> to put up with me."-Burdette. -The Difference.-"Pwixt fool and wise. This difference lies:
> The fool his folly shows,
> Yet knows it not;
> The wise his folly knows,
> Yet shows it not.

only I found that she wasn't inclined

-"How long since your father has given you a good licking, sonny?"
"He never did." "Look out, youngster! You know where liars go to?" "I ain't lyin'. He never gave me a good lickin'; but I've had plenty of t'other kind."-Christian at Work.

-The more clothes a man wears the more bedelothing he uses, the closer he keeps his chamber, the closer he confines himself to his house, the more readily will he take cold, as the more a thriftless youth is helped the less able does he become to help himself.—
Good Housekeeping.
—"Mamma," said a K-street little

girl to-day, "what kind of a word is snodunder, and what does it mean?" "Really, my child," replied the amazed mother, "I can't tell you. I never heard such a word before. Where did you ever hear it?" "At school today, mamma. The teacher said spring was sundunder." The mother caught on.

L. G. GOULD,